Melnea Cass Boulevard

Design Objectives
Meeting
March 15, 2012

presented by

Boston Transportation

Department

with
Howard/Stein-Hudson
Crosby | Schlessinger | Smallridge
Toole Design Group
GLC Development Resources







Agenda

<u>Part 1 – Presentation</u> <u>6:00 – 6:30 PM</u>

Introduction/Process

What we have learned:

- Community Vision
- Design Directions

Complete Streets Principles

Corridor-wide Framework

 Melnea Cass Boulevard by Area Part 2 – Framing Design Concepts 6:30 – 7:15 PM

Breakout Groups

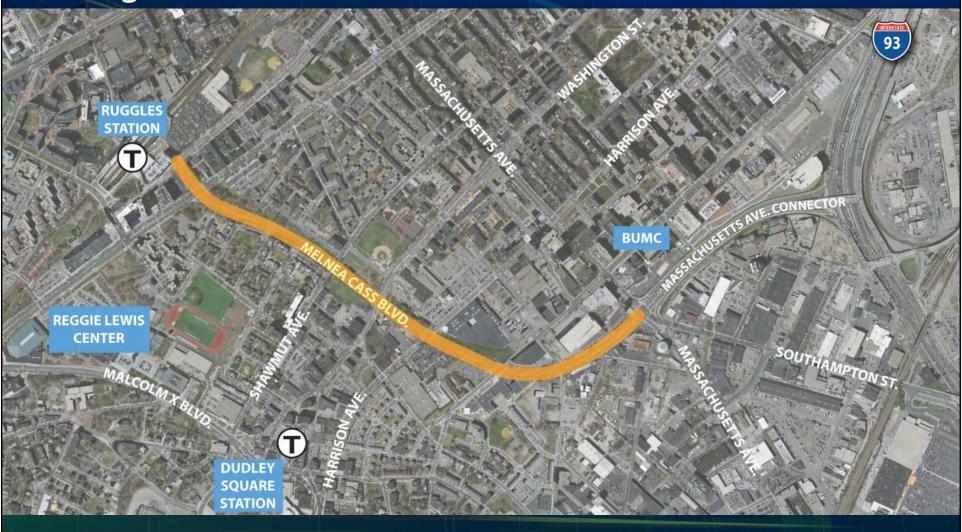
Part 3 – Breakout Group
Reports/ Q & A – 7:15 – 8:00 PM

- Group representatives give summaries of breakout group discussion
- Questions and answers





Project Area







Project Timeline

- Initial Public Meeting 10/11/2011
 - Introducing the project
- Community Visioning Meeting 12/14/2011
 - Envisioning success
- Design Objectives Meeting Tonight
 - Turning the vision into concepts
- Sharing Initial Concepts Spring 2012
- Gaining consensus on Preferred Option –
 Summer 2012





What We Heard From You - Vision

- Safe, clean and beautiful
- Well-maintained snow and litter consistently removed
- All parcels owned and cared for
- Safe for cyclists and pedestrians
- Providing safe, effective transit service
- Moving calmed vehicular traffic effectively
- Fully integrated with its surrounding neighborhood
- A catalyst for neighborhood economic development







What We Heard From You - Design Direction

- Keep mature trees as part of new landscaping
- Soften the Boulevard reduce "highway feel"
 - Calm traffic enhance pedestrian/cyclist safety
 - Connect to walking/cycling infrastructure beyond the corridor
- Fully integrate the Boulevard with cross streets and the neighborhood
 - Provide a gateway to Dudley Square
 - Design buildings for active street life
 - Safe and family-friendly







What We Learned – Economic Development

Community Vision

Tighten connections to jobs:

- Longwood Medical Area
- Boston University
 Medical Center
- Southeast Expressway

Strengthen and grow retail center:

- Improve connections between Dudley Square and South End
- Increase shopper population

Development Tools

Improve transit

Keep, but calm, high traffic volumes

Improve pedestrian environment

Create attractive, high-quality environment

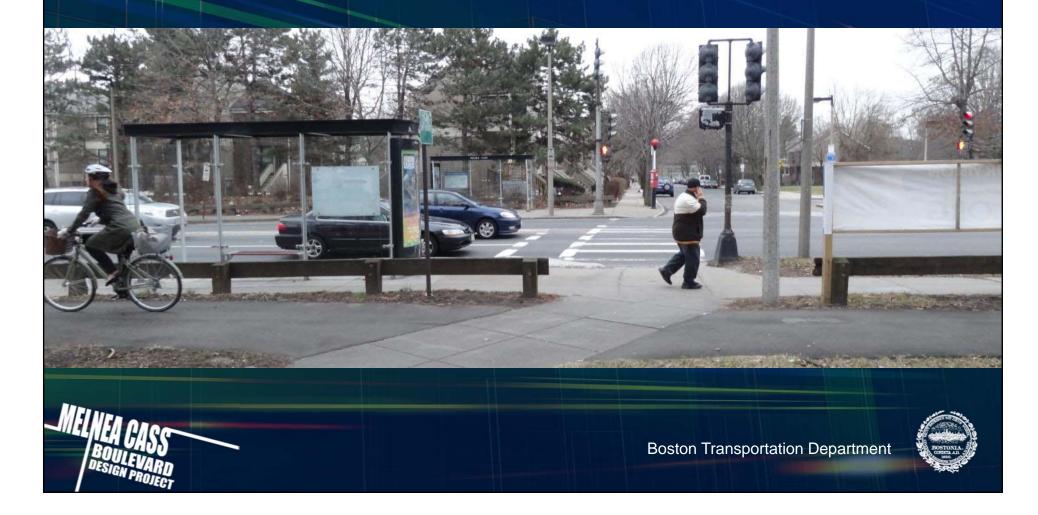
Develop retail and commercial:

- At major intersections
- Visual connections between Dudley Square and South End
- Draw people across the Boulevard
- Create a sense of place





Complete Streets are designed and operated to enable safe access for all users.



- Create vibrant public spaces
- Respect and foster a "sense of place"
- Create opportunities for healthy living and physical activity
- Support economic development
- Design for sustainability
- "Smart" in the use of technology









Pedestrian

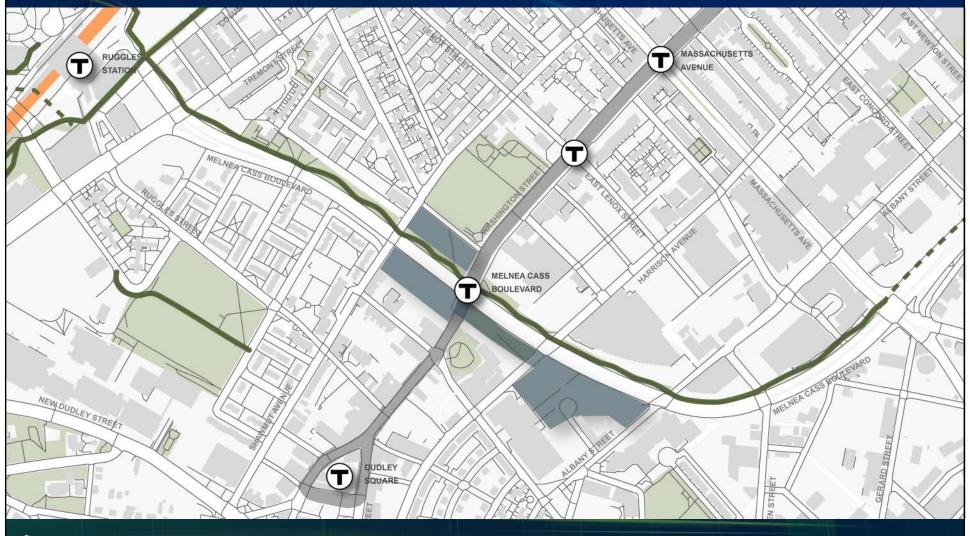
- Safety
 - Accessible sidewalks
 - Appropriate degree of separation from roadways
 - Lower motor vehicle speeds
 - Well-lit facilities
 - Pedestrian-friendly intersections
 - Shorter crossings
 - Minimal delay
 - Less exposure to conflicts
 - Frequent accessible crossings
- Comfort and Convenience
 - Street trees
 - Comfortable and inviting spaces with amenities
 - Connections to other modes







Pedestrian Connectivity







Pedestrian Connectivity







Bicycle

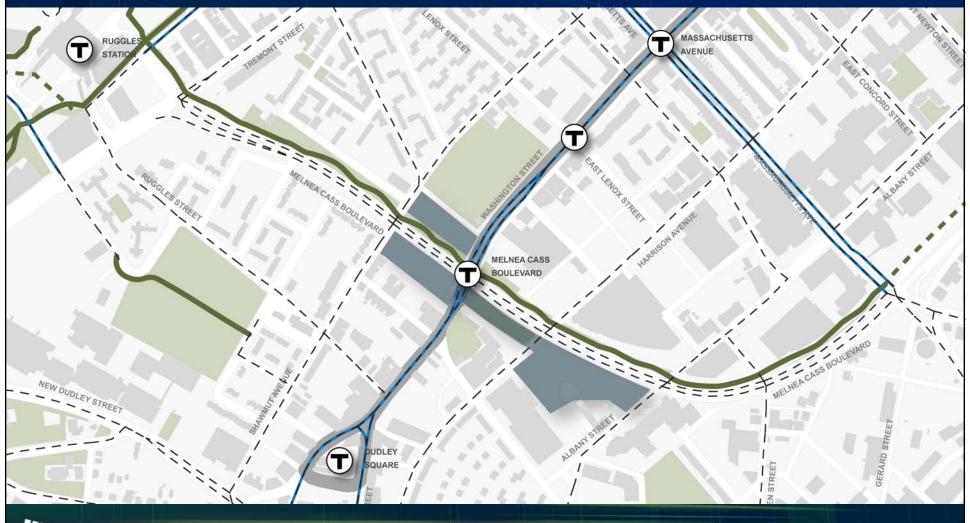
- Safety
 - Dedicated space
 - Degree of separation between modes
 - Lower motor vehicle speeds
 - Less exposure to conflicts
 - Well-lit facilities
 - Bicycle-friendly intersections
 - Minimum green intervals
 - Bicycle detection
 - Bicycle priority (i.e. signals, bicycle boxes, etc.)
- Comfort and Convenience
 - Consistent facility types
 - Connections to other modes
 - Access to shot term and long term parking
 - Wayfinding signage







Bicycle Connectivity







Motor Vehicles

- Safety
 - Designs that reduce conflicts and the severity of crashes
 - Intuitive and clear geometry
 - Appropriate degree of separation between modes
 - Safe options for turning movements
 - Well-lit facilities
 - Efficient intersection designs
 - Minimal delay
 - Coordinated signal timing
- Comfort and Convenience
 - Well-maintained roadways
 - Clear guidance and Wayfinding
 - Access to parking







Transit

- Safety
 - Safe and accessible transit stops
 - Appropriate sidewalk widths
 - Less conflicts with other modes
 - Well-lit facilities
 - Transit-friendly intersections
 - Minimal delay in service
 - Accessible crossings
 - Transit prioritization
 - Responsive signal design
- Comfort and Convenience
 - Comfortable and inviting transit stops with amenities
 - Well-maintained transit stops and roadways
 - Connections to other modes
 - Real-time route information









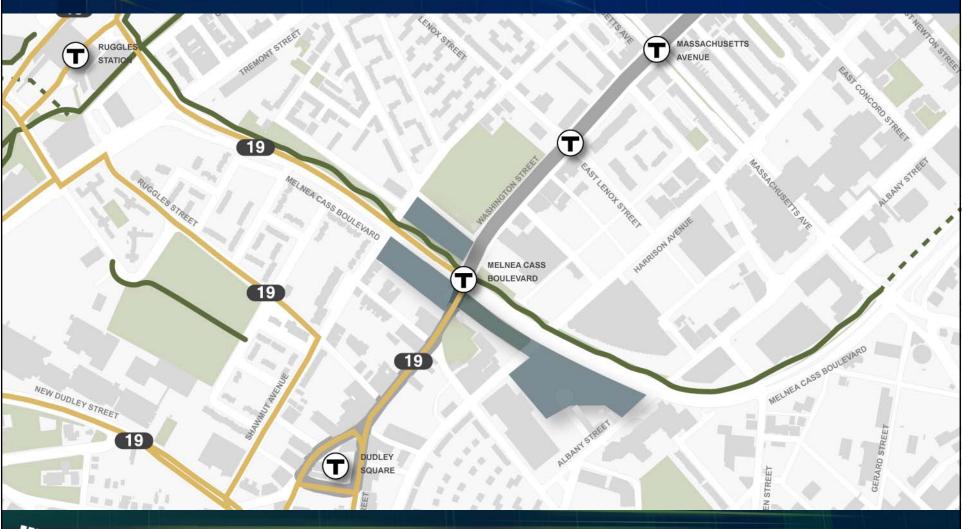






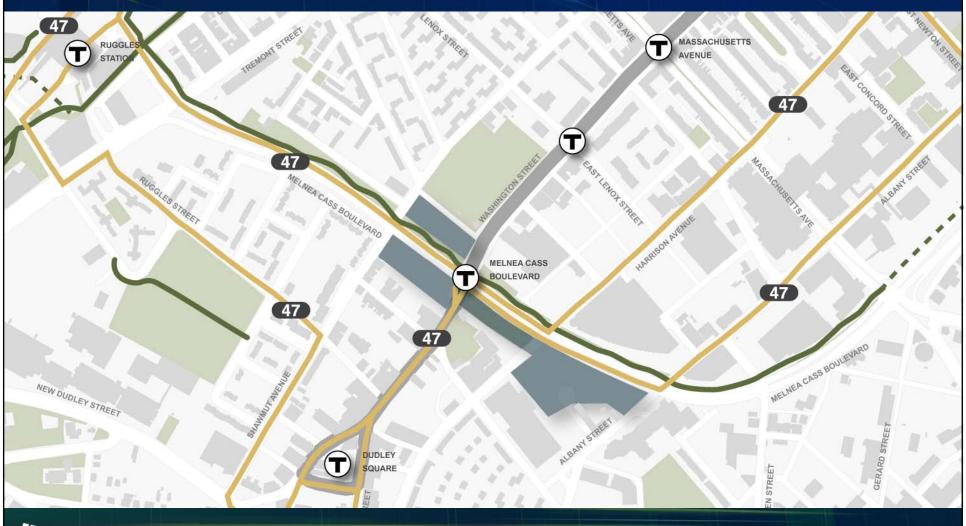
















MBTA Route CT3







MBTA Routes and Stops

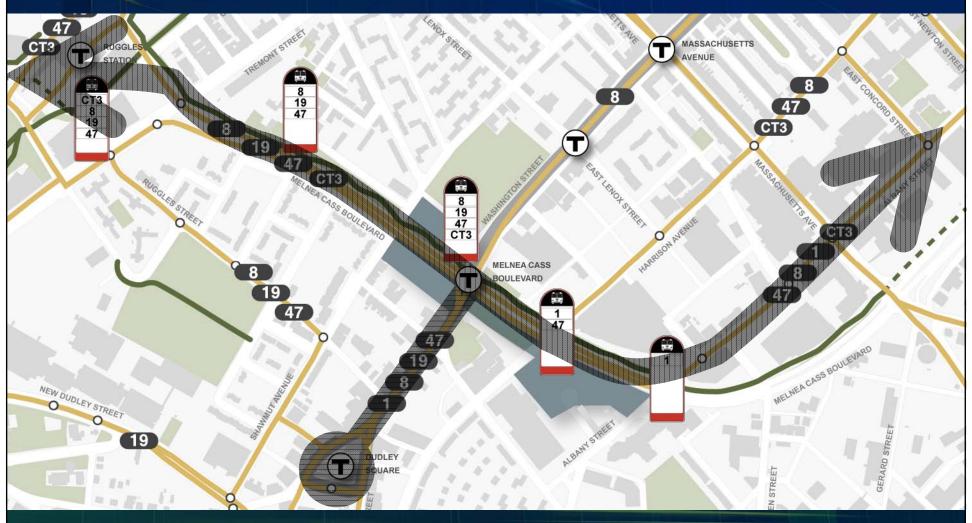








The Urban Ring







BRT (Bus Rapid Transit)

- Frequent Service
- Widely-spaced Stops
- High-capacity Vehicles

- Real-time Information
- Traffic Signal Control
- Dedicated Lanes



BRT Stations

- Safe Pedestrian Access
- Easy Loading/Unloading
- Comfort and Security







BRT Configurations

- Curbside Bus Lanes
 - Buses mix with traffic
 - Parking conflicts
 - Right turn conflicts
 - Slower travel times and less reliability







BRT Configurations

- Center Bus Lanes
 - Buses don't mix with traffic
 - No parking conflicts and turning conflicts managed through signal design
 - Faster travel times and increased reliability



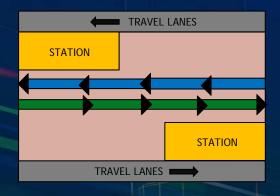






BRT Alternatives

Center Bus Lanes



- Urban Ring Phase 2 Locally Preferred Alternative
- Reviewed by the Roxbury community including RSMPOC
- Typically most efficient design for BRT
- Passengers exit onto median island station
- Better access for new development and curbside parking

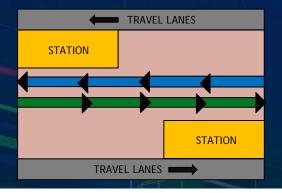






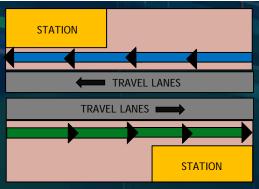
BRT Alternatives

Center Bus Lanes



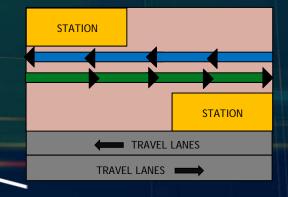
- Urban Ring Phase 2 Locally Preferred Alternative
- Reviewed by the Roxbury community including RSMPOC
- Typically most efficient design for BRT
- Passengers exit onto median island station
- Better access for new development and curbside parking

Curbside Bus Lanes



- Bus stops next to curb for passenger loading/unloading
- Parking conflicts
- Intersection conflicts

Bus LanesOne Side



- Passengers exit bus onto island and curb stations
- Parking access issues
- Intersection challenges





Exclusive Transit Lanes







Travel/ Parking Lanes Exclusive Transit Lanes Travel/
Parking
Lanes







Travel Parking Lanes

Exclusive Transit Lanes Travel Bikes
Parking
Lanes







Pedestrian Travel
Parking
Lanes

Exclusive Transit Lanes Travel Bikes Pedestrian
Parking
Lanes





Community Input

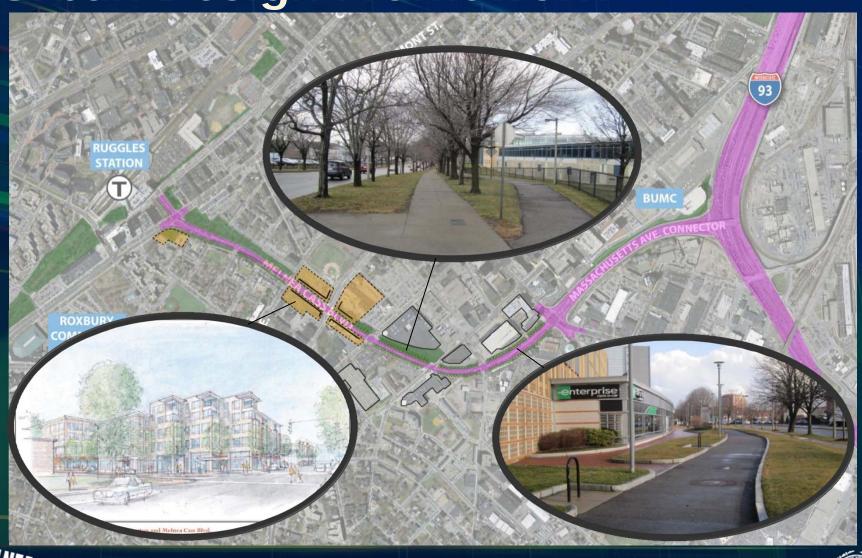
Vision of Success for Melnea Cass Boulevard:

- Fully integrated with its surrounding neighborhood
- Safe, clean and beautiful
- Well-maintained snow and litter consistently removed
- All parcels owned and cared for
- Safe for cyclists and pedestrians
- Providing safe, effective transit service
- Moving calmed vehicular traffic effectively
- A catalyst for neighborhood economic development





Urban Design Framework





Community Goals

Melnea Cass should be fully integrated with its surrounding neighborhood, providing access to local side streets and a gateway to Dudley Square

Importance of connecting streets





Urban Design Framework - Shawmut











Urban Design Framework - Washington







"... Dudley Square is turning out to be more than just a new place... it's a perspective shift. Known as the heart of Roxbury, it is where the neighborhood's major institutions and businesses are clustered in some of the city's most beautiful historic buildings. It is also the busiest bus station in the public transit system. In this 'grand central' of communities, you can imagine that one encounters an incredible variety of people."

Historic Boston, Inc. Newsletter







Parcel 9





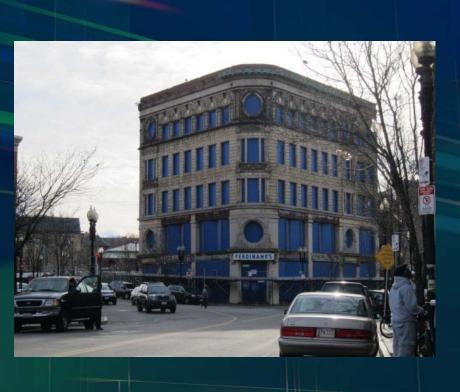


Perspective drawing from corner of Washington and Melnea Cass Blvd.

Parcel 10







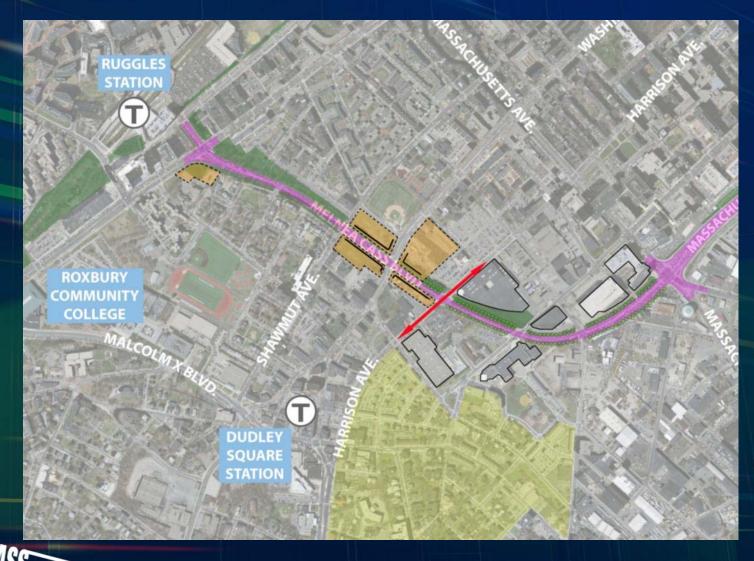


Washington Street





Urban Design Framework – Harrison









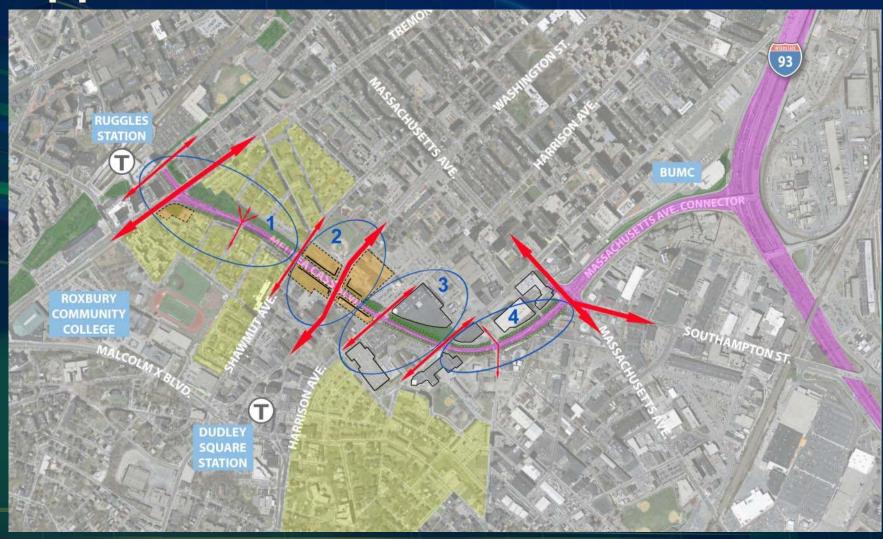
Orchard Gardens

Harrison Avenue



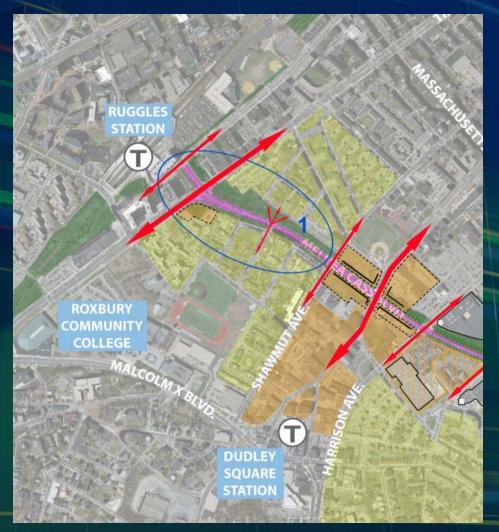


Opportunities









NORTH SIDE

- Residential neighborhood set back behind park land
- Separated ped/bike

SOUTH SIDE

- Residential neighborhood set back behind park land
- Separated ped/bike

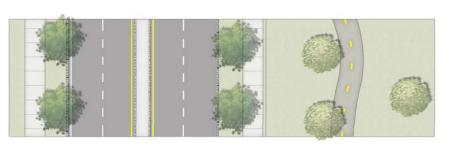
OPPORTUNITIES

- Intersection of Melnea Cass and Tremont
- Open space





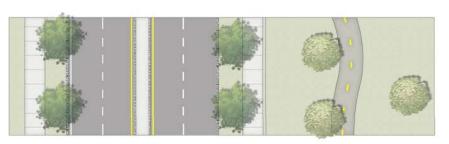




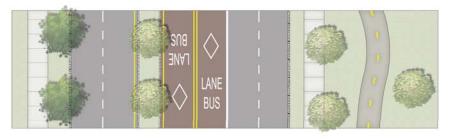
Existing



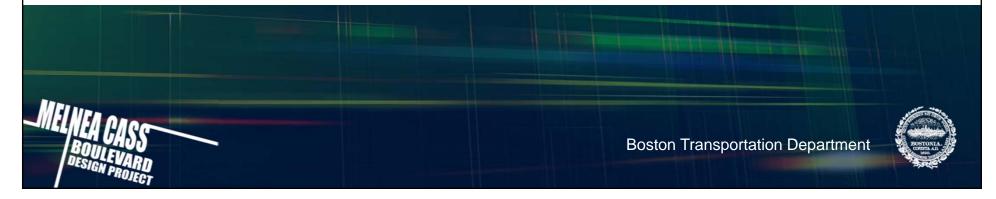








Center Bus Lanes

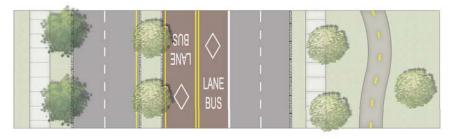






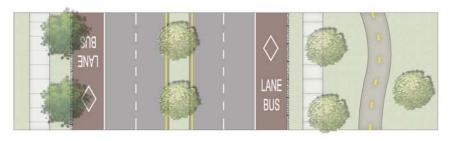
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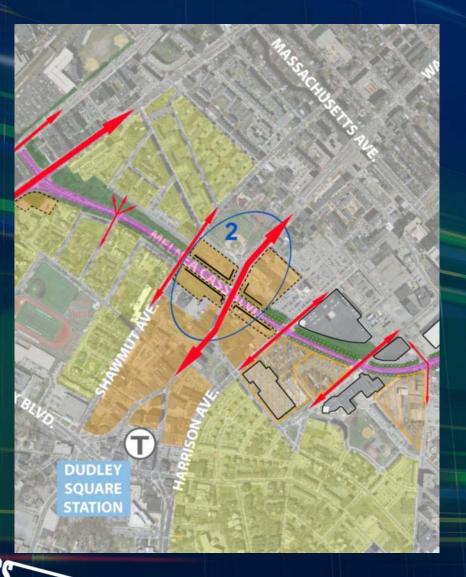
Center Bus Lanes





Side Bus Lanes

Area 2 — Shawmut Ave to Harrison Ave



NORTH SIDE

- Future building edge / destination
- Ped/bike use?

SOUTH SIDE

- Future building edge / destination
- Sidewalk

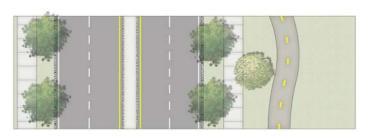
OPPORTUNITIES

- New development to front Melnea Cass and Washington Street
- Gateway connections to Dudley Square
- Innovative transportation solutions



Area 2 – Shawmut Ave to Harrison Ave







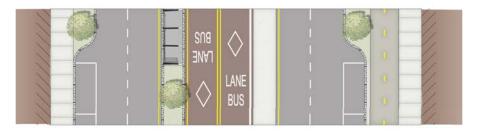
Area 2 – Shawmut Ave to Harrison Ave





Existing





Center Bus Lanes



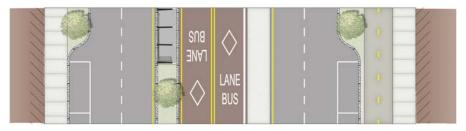


Area 2 — Shawmut Ave to Harrison Ave



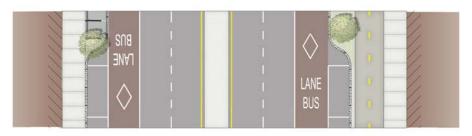






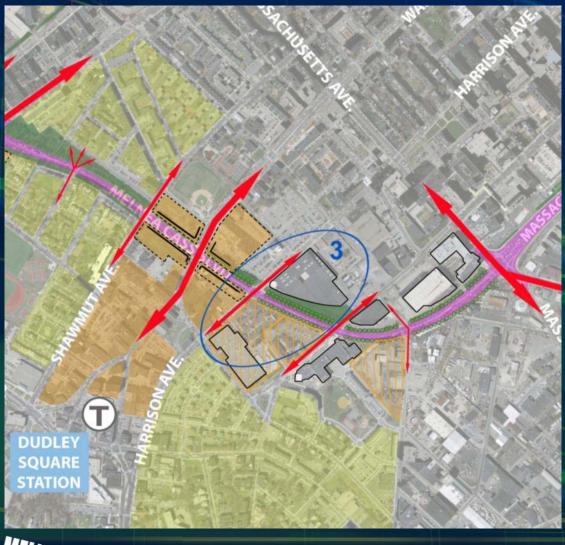
Center Bus Lanes





Side Bus Lanes

Area 3 — Harrison Ave to Albany Street



NORTH SIDE

- Building set back behind landscaped zone
- Strong double row of trees at road edge
- Separated ped/bike use

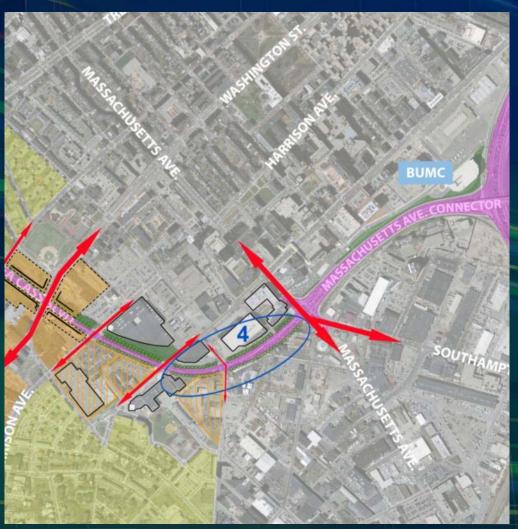
SOUTH SIDE

- Fenced parking / open areas future development sites
- Single tree edge
- Sidewalk

OPPORTUNITIES

- Strengthen pedestrian connections across
 - Melnea Cass
- Keep separated ped/bike on north side

Area 4 — Albany St to Massachusetts Ave



NORTH SIDE

- Building set back behind landscaped zone
- Single tree edge
- Separated ped/bike use

SOUTH SIDE

- Fenced parking area / yards
- Single tree edge
- Sidewalk

OPPORTUNITIES

- Strengthen gateway at Mass Ave
- South bay Harbor Trail as designed on north side
- Improved median treatment

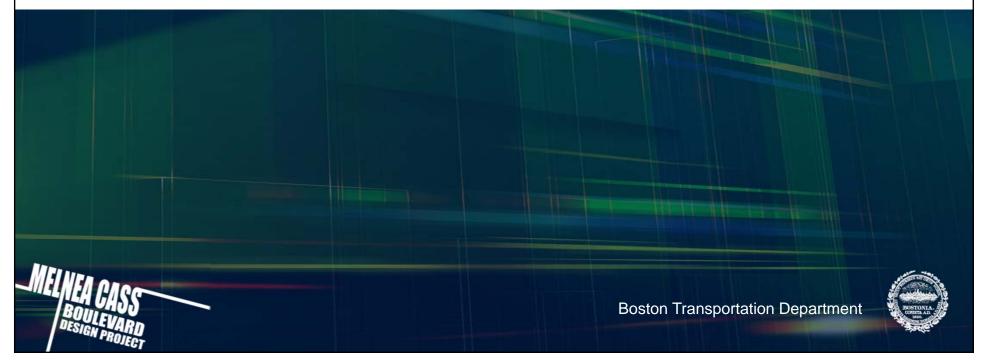




Area 4 — Albany St to Massachusetts Ave





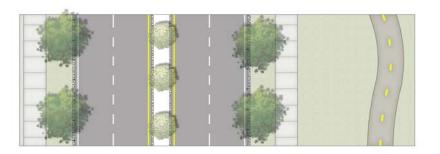


Area 4 — Albany St to Massachusetts Ave







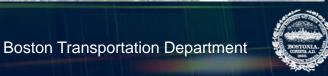


Concept



Opportunities Summary





Breakout Sessions

Thinking about Design Concepts

- Develop evaluation criteria based on community input
- Review and discuss BRT options







- Break into small groups (number on handout)
- Discussion in small groups
 - Each group should nominate a speaker to present a summary of its discussion
 - Moderator will board comments/questions





Next Steps

- Review feedback from tonight's meeting
- Continue to develop and refine design alternatives based on project goals and community feedback
- Hold the next community meeting in late April/early May



